

# City of Carroll

112 E. 5th Street

Carroll, Iowa 51401-2799

(712) 792-1000

FAX: (712) 792-0139

**GOVERNMENTAL BODY:** Carroll City Council

**DATE OF MEETING:** January 17, 2019

**TIME OF MEETING:** 5:15 P.M.

**LOCATION OF MEETING:** 1026 N Adams Street - Adams Elementary School  
Board Conference Room

[www.cityofcarroll.com](http://www.cityofcarroll.com)

## AGENDA

- I. Pledge of Allegiance
- II. Roll Call
- III. Reports
  - A. F.Y. 2017-2018 Annual Financial Statement Audit
  - B. Budget Work Session
- IV. Adjourn

### January/February Meetings:

Library Board of Trustees – January 21, 2019 – Region XII - 1009 E Anthony St  
Parks, Recreation and Cultural Advisory Board – January 21, 2019 – Carroll Recreation Center - 716 N Grant Rd  
City Council 2<sup>nd</sup> Budget Work Session – Tuesday, January 22, 2019 – Adams Elementary School - 1026 N Adams St  
City Council – January 28, 2019 – Adams Elementary School - 1026 N Adams St  
City Council 3<sup>rd</sup> Budget Work Session – Tuesday, January 29, 2019 – Adams Elementary School - 1026 N Adams St  
Board of Adjustment – February 4, 2019 – Region XII - 1009 E Anthony St  
Annual Chamber Banquet – February 4, 2019  
City Council 4<sup>th</sup> Budget Work Session (as needed) – Tuesday, February 5, 2019 – Adams Elementary School - 1026 N Adams St  
City Council – February 11, 2019 – Adams Elementary School - 1026 N Adams St  
Planning and Zoning Commission – February 13, 2019 – Region XII - 1009 E Anthony St  
Library Board of Trustees – February 18, 2019 – Region XII - 1009 E Anthony St  
City Council – February 25, 2019 – Adams Elementary School - 1026 N Adams St

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*The City of Carroll will make every attempt to accommodate the needs of persons with disabilities, please notify us at least three business days in advance when possible at 712-792-1000, should special accommodations be required.*

1869 *Carroll* 2019  
**150**  
YEARS

# City of Carroll

112 E. 5th Street

Carroll, Iowa 51401-2799

(712) 792-1000

FAX: (712) 792-0139

**MEMO TO:** Mike Pogge-Weaver, City Manager *MJP-w*

**FROM:** Laura A. Schaefer, Finance Director/City Clerk *las*

**DATE:** January 15, 2019

**SUBJECT:** F.Y. 2017-2018 Annual Financial Statement Audit

Enclosed is a copy of the City audit for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. This audit was performed by Feldmann & Company CPAs, P.C. A printed copy of the audit report will be available at the Council meeting Thursday night.

The City received an unqualified opinion. The opinion states that the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City. An unqualified opinion is the most common type of auditor's report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, pages 9-17, is prepared by the City to discuss the major activities/changes that have occurred during FY 2018 and a little bit of insight into the next budget year.

Exhibit A, pages 20 and 21, summarizes all revenues and expenses by the major governmental activities (public safety, public works, etc.), business type activities and general receipts. Exhibit B (pages 22-23) and Exhibit D (pages 26-27) summarize the same revenues and expenses as Exhibit A by the major funds resulting in the ending balances as of June 30, 2018. Also, the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs are presented on pages 81 through 84.

Jennifer Walkup, CPA Manager, Feldmann & Company, plans to present the audit report to Council at the meeting on Thursday. If you have any questions about the audit report, please feel free to contact Jennifer Walkup or myself at City Hall.

**RECOMMENDATION:** Council consideration and acceptance of the F.Y. 2017-2018 Annual Financial Statement Audit.

1869 *Carroll* 2019  
**150**  
YEARS

**CITY OF CARROLL**

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS  
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION  
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

**JUNE 30, 2018**

*Feldmann & Company C.P.A. P.C.*  
523 North Main Street  
Carroll, Iowa 51401



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## City of Carroll

### Officials

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Term Expires</u>
Eric Jensen	Mayor	December 31, 2019
Michael Kots	Council Member - Ward 1	December 31, 2021
Misty Boes	Council Member - Ward 2	December 31, 2019
Clay Haley	Council Member - Ward 3	December 31, 2021
Carolyn Siemann	Council Member - Ward 4	December 31, 2019
Jerry Fleshner	Council Member - At-Large	December 31, 2021
LaVern Dirkx	Council Member - At-Large Mayor Pro Tempore	December 31, 2019
Michel Pogge-Weaver	City Manager	June 30, 2018 (1)
Laura Schaefer	City Clerk, Treas. & Finance Dir.	June 30, 2018 (2)
Debra K. Goetzinger	Deputy City Clerk	June 30, 2018 (2)
Randall M. Krauel	Public Works Director	June 30, 2018 (2)
Jack Wardell	Parks and Recreation Director	June 30, 2018 (2)
David S. Bruner	City Attorney	Indefinite (1)
Brad Burke	Chief of Police	June 30, 2018
Greg Schreck	Building/Fire Safety Official	June 30, 2018 (2)
Rachel Van Erdewyk	Library Director	June 30, 2018 (2)
Sondra Rierson	Library Trustee	December 31, 2019
Tom Louis	Library Trustee	December 31, 2018
Jacob Fiscus	Library Trustee President	December 31, 2019
M. Carol Shields	Library Trustee	December 31, 2018
Kyle Ulveling	Library Trustee	December 31, 2022
Ralph Von Qualen (Co. Representative)	Library Trustee	December 31, 2022
Paul Reicks	Library Trustee	December 31, 2022
Janet Auge	Library Trustee	December 31, 2018
Summer Parrott	Library Trustee	December 31, 2020
Greg Siemann	Airport Commissioner	December 31, 2020
Norman Hutcheson	Airport Commissioner/Chairman	December 31, 2022
Gene Vincent	Airport Commissioner	December 31, 2023
Richard Fulton	Airport Commissioner	December 31, 2018
Kevin Wittrock	Airport Commissioner	December 31, 2018

(1) Not Elected - No specific term - Employment Agreement expires on the date shown.

(2) No specific term - Salary approved to the date shown.

# *Feldmann & Company C.P.A. P.C.*

523 North Main Street  
Carroll, Iowa 51401  
(712) 792-2464

## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Carroll, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1. This includes determining the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. This includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the

City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Carroll at June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

### Basis of Accounting

As described in Note 1, these financial statements were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

### Other Matters

#### *Supplementary and Other Information*

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Carroll's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the third paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the twenty-one years ended June 30, 2017, (which are not presented herein) and expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements which were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 7, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures; including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with US general accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The other information, Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Information, the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension



Liability and the Schedule of City's Contributions on pages 8 through 17 and pages 50 through 62 has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2018 on our consideration of the City of Carroll's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Carroll's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Feldmann & Company CPAs, P.C.

December 14, 2018

## **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

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## **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

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The City of Carroll provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The City's governmental funds' receipts increased slightly (1.3%) or approximately \$179,000 from fiscal year 2017 (FY 17). While program receipts were up about \$451,000 mainly due to an increase in capital grants for capital projects, bond proceeds were down \$443,000. While property tax receipts were \$152,000 more than FY 17, other taxes receipts (property tax replacement, hotel motel tax, and local option sales tax) were \$127,000 less than FY 17.
- Disbursements increased \$1,355,000, or about 10.5%, from FY 17. Capital Projects is the main reason for the increase.
- The City's total cash basis net position increased about 5.4%, or approximately \$1,048,000, from June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018. Of this amount, the cash basis net position of the governmental activities increased approximately \$279,000 and the cash basis net position of the business type activities increased approximately \$751,000.

### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the City's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statement consists of a Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position. This statement provides information about the activities of the City as a whole and presents an overall view of the City's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the City's operations in more detail than the

government-wide financial statement by providing information about the most significant funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Other Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the City's budget for the year and the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability and related contributions.

Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the nonmajor governmental funds and the City's indebtedness.

## **BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The City maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, readers should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

## **REPORTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES**

### *Government-wide Financial Statement*

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position reports information which helps answer this question.

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position presents the City's net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities include public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service and capital projects. Property taxes, user fees and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

- Business-type activities of the City include water utility, sanitary sewer utility and the storm water utility system. These activities are financed primarily by user charges.

### *Fund Financial Statements*

The City has two kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds account for most of the City's basic services. These focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances at year-end that are available for spending. Governmental funds include: 1) the General Fund, 2) the Special Revenue Funds such as Road Use Tax and Urban Renewal Tax Increment, 3) the Debt Service Fund, 4) the Capital Projects Funds and 5) the Permanent Funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs.

The required financial statement for governmental funds is a Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances.

2) Proprietary funds account for the City's Enterprise Funds and the Internal Service Fund. Enterprise Funds are used to report business-type activities. The City maintains Enterprise Funds to provide separate information for the water, sewer and storm water funds, considered to be major funds of the City. Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions.

The required financial statement for proprietary funds is a Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Balances.

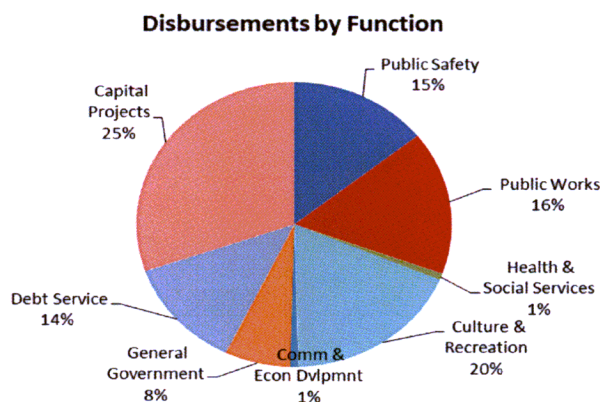
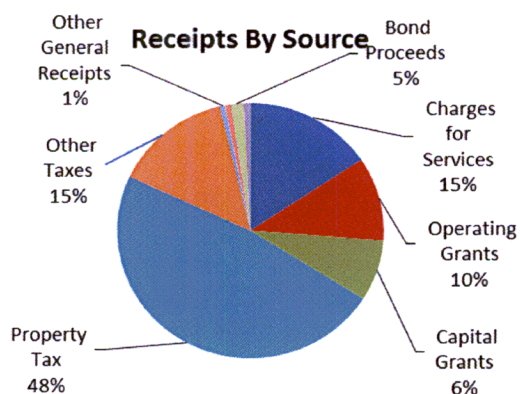
Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statement and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. The City's cash balance for governmental activities increased from a year ago, increasing from \$11.067 million to \$11.346 million. Our analysis below focuses on the changes in cash basis net position of governmental activities.

Changes in Cash Basis Net Position of Governmental Activities  
(Expressed in Thousand)

	2018	2017
Receipts & Transfers:		
Program Receipts:		
Charges for Services & Sales	\$ 2,103	\$ 1,999
Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	1,435	1,375
Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted interest	1,035	748
General Receipts		
Property Tax	6,468	6,316
Other Taxes	1,931	2,058
Franchise Tax & Fees	86	72
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	101	71
Bond Proceeds	205	648
Other General Receipts	109	7
Total Receipts	13,473	13,294
Disbursements:		
Public Safety	2,027	1,941
Public Works	2,320	2,061
Health & Social Services	107	101
Culture & Recreation	2,586	2,611
Community & Economic Development	120	115
General Government	961	1,019
Debt Service	1,782	1,744
Capital Projects	4,310	3,266
Total Disbursements	14,213	12,858
Change in cash basis net position before transfers	(740)	436
Transfers, net	1,019	371
Change in cash basis net position	279	807
Cash basis net position beginning of the year	11,067	10,260
Cash basis net position end of year	\$ 11,346	\$ 11,067



The City's total receipts for governmental activities increased by 1.3% (\$179,000). The total cost of all programs and services increased by approximately \$1,355,000, or about 10.5%. The increase in receipts is mainly due to an increase in capital grants received for street rehabilitation projects and the replacement of the driveway at the airport. The increase in capital grants receipts was offset by a decrease in bond proceeds. Less debt was issued for capital projects in FY 18 than FY 17. The increase in disbursements is mainly due to capital project expenditures for street rehabilitation projects, continuation of phases for the Streetscape projects and parks projects including trail construction and rehabilitation of Merchants Park Stadium.

The City increased the property tax rate for FY 18 by approximately 0.18%, which generated approximately \$152,000 more property tax revenue (including TIF collections). The City's total assessed valuation increased about 0.73% from FY 17 with the residential rollback increasing 1.3132%.

The cost of all governmental activities this year was approximately \$14.213 million compared to approximately \$12.858 million last year. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities and Net Position on pages 20-21, the amount taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities was only \$9.64 million because some of the cost was paid by those directly benefited from the programs (\$2.103 million) or by other governments and organizations which funded certain programs with grants, contributions and restricted interest (\$2.47 million).

The City paid the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with property tax (some of which could only be used for certain programs) and with other receipts including hotel/motel tax, local option sales tax, cable franchise fees, interest and other miscellaneous receipts. Overall, the City's governmental activities program receipts, including governmental aid and fees for service, increased in FY 18 from approximately \$4.122 million to \$4.573 million, principally due to more capital grants and contributions received for street rehabilitation projects and the replacement of the driveway at the airport.

## Business-Type Activities

Changes in Cash Basis Net Position of Business-Type Activities (Expressed in Thousand)			
	2018		2017
Receipts & Transfers:			
Program Receipts:			
Charges for Services & Sales			
Water	\$ 1,536	\$	1,459
Sewer	2,147		2,152
Storm Water	260		261
General Receipts			
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	135		98
Bond Proceeds	-		1,634
Other General Receipts	87		93
Total Receipts	4,165		5,697
Disbursements:			
Water	1,142		1,366
Water - Capital Outlay	37		-
Sewer	1,146		669
Sewer - Capital Outlay	8		-
Storm Water	7		19
Storm Water – Capital Outlay	55		2,228
Total Disbursements	2,395		4,282
Change in cash basis net position before transfers	1,770		1,415
Transfers, net	(1,019)		(371)
Change in cash basis net position	751		1,044
Cash basis net position beginning of the year	8,246		7,202
Cash basis net position end of year	\$ 8,997	\$	8,246

The cash balance at June 30, 2018 was \$8,997,000, an increase of approximately \$751,000. Revenues decreased \$1,532,000 from FY 17 mainly due to no debt issued in FY 18.

Total disbursements also decreased by \$1,887,000 or 44% from FY 17 due mainly to a storm water capital project that was mostly constructed in FY 17. That decrease was offset by an increase in sewer expenditures mainly for a lift station on Industrial Park Road.

### **INDIVIDUAL MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND ANALYSIS**

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$11,346,000, an increase of approximately \$278,500 from last year's total of \$11,067,500. The following are the major reasons for the changes in cash balances from the prior year for the City's major funds.



- The General Fund cash balance increased \$335,349 from the prior year to \$4,038,784, which is approximately 52% of General Fund receipts. The General Fund balances are projected to be spent down to 25% of receipts over the next few years. These additional cash reserves are intended to be used for various projects and one-time expenditures.
- The Road Use Tax Fund cash balance increased by \$318,664 to \$1,676,095. The City intends to use this money to upgrade the condition of City roads.
- The Local Option Sales Tax cash balance increased by \$225,642 to \$468,674. The City intends to use this money for future City projects.
- The Debt Service cash balance increased by \$29,595 to \$122,838. This balance will be used for future principal and interest payments.
- The Capital Projects Funds balance on June 30, 2018 was \$4,138,217, a decrease of \$872,176 from FY17. The decrease is mainly due to expenditures for capital projects in FY 18 that were in the planning phases in FY17.

#### **INDIVIDUAL MAJOR BUSINESS TYPE FUND ANALYSIS**

- The cash balance of the Water Utility Fund increased by \$185,027 to \$2,555,944. The increase was mainly due to an increase in water collections and less expenses than FY 17.
- The cash balance of the Sewer Utility Fund increased by approximately \$299,675 to \$3,417,965. The accumulation of cash reserves is for increased operating costs and future capital expenditures.
- The cash balance of the Storm Water Utility Fund increased approximately \$258,717 to \$562,277. The accumulation of cash reserves is for increased operating costs and future capital expenditures.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearings for all funds. Although the budget document presents functional disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not at the fund or fund type level. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed

procedures. Over the course of the year, the City amended its budget one time. The amendment was approved on April 23, 2018, and resulted in an increase in disbursements (including transfers) of \$1,818,237 and an increase in revenues and other financing sources of \$1,103,367. The amendment was primarily to account for various parks and recreation expenses including Northeast Park study, tree spade and capital projects for resurfacing tennis courts at Graham Park, Rec Center improvements, and accessible playground equipment. The amendment also included upgrades to Carroll Area Access Television Channel 6 (CAAT6) upgrades, purchase of a medium duty truck, and the startup costs for a K9 unit.

After the budget amendment, The City's receipts were \$481,400 less than budgeted. Total disbursements were \$3.9 million less than the amended budget. This was primarily due to the delay of some capital purchases, unfinished construction projects and less than anticipated operating expenses.

### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

At year-end, the City had approximately \$7,661,000 in bonds and other long-term debt compared to approximately \$9,080,000 last year as shown below.

Outstanding Debt at Year-End (Expressed in Thousands)		
	2018	2017
General Obligation Capital Loan Notes	\$3,045	\$3,880
Sewer Revenue Bonds	4,616	5,200
Total	\$7,661	\$9,080

Debt decreased as a result of payments made for principal outstanding and no debt issued that was still outstanding at the end of the year.

The Constitution of the State of Iowa limits the amount of general obligation debt that cities can issue to 5 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the City's corporate limits. The City's outstanding general obligation debt of \$3,045,000 is well below the City's \$39.05 million legal debt limit. There is a pay down schedule on this debt with full retirement within 6 years for all the issuances except for the sewer revenue bonds, which have a retirement within 7 years (2025).

More detailed information about the City's long term liabilities is presented in Note 3 of the financial statements.

### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

The City's citizens and elected and appointment officials considered many factors when setting the 2019 fiscal year budget and the associated tax rates and fees for services. One of those factors is the local economy. The regional economy is stable. Unemployment was at a rate of about 2.5% (January 2018 Local Area Unemployment Statistics for Carroll County obtained from Iowa Workforce Development) which is down slightly from the January 2017 unemployment rate of 2.7%. This is compared to the State's unemployment rate of 2.9% (January 2018) and the national rate of 4.1% (January 2018).

The Fiscal Year 2019 (FY 19) budget includes a lower property tax levy at \$11.28383 per \$1,000 taxable value (FY 18 levy \$11.59800). With taxable valuations increasing about 6.06%, property tax receipts (excluding TIF collections) to finance programs we currently offer are expected to increase approximately \$168,800.

Budgeted revenues are expected to be approximately \$4.35 million more than final FY18 budget mainly due a proposed debt issuance of \$4.435 million for the Library/City Hall project and park improvements. Budgeted disbursements are expected to be about \$5.2 million more than FY 18 final budgeted disbursements due mainly to capital projects including the Library/City Hall project, park improvement projects, streetscape projects and wastewater plant improvements.

If budget estimates are realized, the City's budgeted cash balance is expected to decrease approximately \$2.96 million by the close of FY 19.

### **CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Laura Schaefer, City Clerk, 112 E. 5<sup>th</sup> Street, Carroll, IA 51401.

## **City of Carroll**

## **Basic Financial Statements**

**City of Carroll**  
**Statement of Activities and**  
**Net Position - Cash Basis**  
**Year ended June 30, 2018**

<b>Functions/Programs</b>	<b>Expenses</b>
<b>Governmental Activities</b>	
Public Safety Program	\$ 2,027,477.22
Public Works Program	2,319,628.91
Health and Social Services Program	107,005.00
Culture and Recreation Program	2,585,858.49
Community & Economic Development Pro	119,838.71
General Government	960,859.90
Debt Service	1,781,586.15
Capital Projects	4,310,251.73
Total governmental activities	<u>14,212,506.11</u>
<b>Business Type Activities</b>	
Water	1,169,341.55
Sewer	1,144,680.01
Storm Water	61,608.95
Total business type activities	<u>2,375,630.51</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 16,588,136.62</u></u>
General Receipts:	
Property Taxes levied for:	
General purpose	
Debt Service	
Tax Increment Financing	
Property Tax Replacement	
Hotel Motel Tax	
Local Option Sales Tax	
Franchise taxes and fees	
Unrestricted investment earnings	
Bond Proceeds	
Miscellaneous	
Transfers	
Total general receipts and transfers	
Changes in Cash Balance	
Cash Balance beginning of year	
Cash Balance end of year	
<b>Cash Basis Net Position</b>	
Restricted:	
Nonexpendable - Cemetery Perpetual Care	
- Rec Center Trust	
Expendable - Debt Service	
- Streets	
- Other purposes	
Unrestricted	
<b>Total Cash Basis Net Position</b>	

Program Revenues			Net (Disbursements) Receipts		
Charges for Services	Operating Grants Contributions and Restricted Interest	Capital Grants Contributions and Restricted Interest	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
\$ 196,119.17	\$ 44,684.25	\$ -	\$ (1,786,673.80)	\$ -	\$ (1,786,673.80)
660,942.86	1,291,944.24	-	(366,741.81)	-	(366,741.81)
41,220.00	-	-	(65,785.00)	-	(65,785.00)
1,168,631.46	98,692.85	-	(1,318,534.18)	-	(1,318,534.18)
1,950.00	-	-	(117,888.71)	-	(117,888.71)
34,332.68	-	-	(926,527.22)	-	(926,527.22)
-	-	-	(1,781,586.15)	-	(1,781,586.15)
-	-	1,034,849.54	(3,275,402.19)	-	(3,275,402.19)
2,103,196.17	1,435,321.34	1,034,849.54	(9,639,139.06)	-	(9,639,139.06)
1,536,194.11	-	-	-	366,852.56	366,852.56
2,146,527.77	-	-	-	1,001,847.76	1,001,847.76
259,816.57	-	-	-	198,207.62	198,207.62
3,942,538.45	-	-	-	1,566,907.94	1,566,907.94
\$ 6,045,734.62	\$ 1,435,321.34	\$ 1,034,849.54	(9,639,139.06)	1,566,907.94	(8,072,231.12)
			4,975,257.33	-	4,975,257.33
			661,249.45	-	661,249.45
			831,308.54	-	831,308.54
			211,927.92	-	211,927.92
			247,299.15	-	247,299.15
			1,471,239.19	-	1,471,239.19
			86,279.52	-	86,279.52
			100,785.89	134,736.19	235,522.08
			205,000.00	-	205,000.00
			108,520.00	87,090.56	195,610.56
			1,018,775.75	(1,018,775.75)	-
			9,917,642.74	(796,949.00)	9,120,693.74
			278,503.68	769,958.94	1,048,462.62
			11,067,464.24	8,245,929.18	19,313,393.42
			\$ 11,345,967.92	\$ 9,015,888.12	\$ 20,361,856.04
			\$ 491,033.43	\$ -	\$ 491,033.43
			34,694.41	-	34,694.41
			122,837.79	-	122,837.79
			1,676,094.75	-	1,676,094.75
			840,956.82	-	840,956.82
			8,180,350.72	9,015,888.12	17,196,238.84
			\$ 11,345,967.92	\$ 9,015,888.12	\$ 20,361,856.04

**City of Carroll**  
**Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements**  
**and Changes in Cash Balances**  
**Governmental Funds**  
**Year ended June 30, 2018**

		Special Revenue	Special Revenue
	General	Road Use Tax	Local Option Sales Tax
<b>Receipts:</b>			
Property tax	\$ 4,111,572.97	\$ -	\$ -
Other Taxes	333,578.67		1,471,239.19
Use of money and property	89,881.18		7,484.70
Licenses and permits	87,502.24		-
Intergovernmental	227,745.74	1,289,043.20	
Charges for service	1,720,258.03		-
Special assessments	-		-
Fines and fees	103,202.40		-
Miscellaneous	250,889.43	1,350.71	-
<b>Total receipts</b>	<u>6,924,630.66</u>	<u>1,290,393.91</u>	<u>1,478,723.89</u>
<b>Disbursements:</b>			
Public Safety	2,054,482.47		-
Public Works	1,216,000.64	1,134,035.57	
Health and Social Services	107,005.00		-
Culture and Recreation	2,587,081.05		6,845.00
Community and Economic Development	119,838.71		-
General Government	981,728.74		-
Debt Service	-		-
Capital Projects	-		-
<b>Total disbursements</b>	<u>7,066,136.61</u>	<u>1,134,035.57</u>	<u>6,845.00</u>
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements	<u>(141,505.95)</u>	<u>156,358.34</u>	<u>1,471,878.89</u>
Other financing sources (uses):			
Bond/note proceeds	-		-
Payment to refunding bond agent			
Sale of property			
Operating transfers in	815,358.91	162,305.77	-
Operating transfers(out)	(338,504.00)	-	(1,246,237.00)
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>	<u>476,854.91</u>	<u>162,305.77</u>	<u>(1,246,237.00)</u>
Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses	335,348.96	318,664.11	225,641.89
<b>Cash balance beginning of year</b>	3,703,435.10	1,357,430.64	243,032.23
<b>Cash balance end of year</b>	<u>\$ 4,038,784.06</u>	<u>\$ 1,676,094.75</u>	<u>\$ 468,674.12</u>
<b>Cash Basis Fund Balances</b>			
Unspendable-			
Permanent fund-Cemetery Perpetual Care	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-Rec Center Trust	-	-	-
Restricted for Debt Service	-	-	-
Streets	-	1,676,094.75	-
Other purposes	326,192.00		468,674.12
Committed	722,439.00	-	
Assigned	145,385.00		
Unassigned	2,844,768.06	-	-
<b>Total cash basis fund balances</b>	<u>\$ 4,038,784.06</u>	<u>\$ 1,676,094.75</u>	<u>\$ 468,674.12</u>



Exhibit B

Debt Service	Capital Projects	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
\$ 661,249.45	\$ -	\$ 1,694,992.90	\$ 6,467,815.32
-	-	-	1,804,817.86
-	33,941.98	8,170.52	139,478.38
-	-	-	87,502.24
23,092.02	979,939.79	41,596.15	2,561,416.90
-	-	5,720.00	1,725,978.03
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	103,202.40
-	54,909.75	69,873.01	377,022.90
<u>684,341.47</u>	<u>1,068,791.52</u>	<u>1,820,352.58</u>	<u>13,267,234.03</u>
-	-	29,852.25	2,084,334.72
-	-	-	2,350,036.21
-	-	-	107,005.00
-	-	39,446.90	2,633,372.95
-	-	-	119,838.71
-	-	-	981,728.74
1,781,586.15	-	-	1,781,586.15
-	4,310,251.73	-	4,310,251.73
<u>1,781,586.15</u>	<u>4,310,251.73</u>	<u>69,299.15</u>	<u>14,368,154.21</u>
<u>(1,097,244.68)</u>	<u>(3,241,460.21)</u>	<u>1,751,053.43</u>	<u>(1,100,920.18)</u>
-	205,000.00	-	205,000.00
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
1,126,839.65	2,190,986.00	-	4,295,490.33
-	(26,701.77)	(1,665,271.81)	(3,276,714.58)
<u>1,126,839.65</u>	<u>2,369,284.23</u>	<u>(1,665,271.81)</u>	<u>1,223,775.75</u>
29,594.97	(872,175.98)	85,781.62	122,855.57
93,242.82	5,010,392.49	659,930.96	11,067,464.24
<u>\$ 122,837.79</u>	<u>\$ 4,138,216.51</u>	<u>\$ 745,712.58</u>	<u>\$ 11,190,319.81</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 491,033.43	\$ 491,033.43
-	-	34,694.41	34,694.41
122,837.79	-	-	122,837.79
-	-	-	1,676,094.75
-	-	46,090.70	840,956.82
-	4,138,216.51	-	4,860,655.51
-	-	173,894.04	319,279.04
-	-	-	2,844,768.06
<u>\$ 122,837.79</u>	<u>\$ 4,138,216.51</u>	<u>\$ 745,712.58</u>	<u>\$ 11,190,319.81</u>

**City of Carroll**

## City of Carroll

**Reconciliation of the Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements  
and Changes in Cash Balances  
to the Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position  
Governmental Funds**

**As of and for the year ended June 30, 2018**

Total governmental funds cash balances (page 23)	\$11,190,319.81
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*Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Cash Basis  
Statement of Activities and Net Position are different because:*

The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of health insurance and self-funding of the City's health insurance benefit plan to individual funds. A portion of the cash balance of the Internal Service Fund is included in the governmental activities in the Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position.	<u>155,648.11</u>
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Cash Basis net position of Governmental activities (page 21)	<u>\$11,345,967.92</u>
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Change in cash balances (page 23)	\$ 122,855.57
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*Amounts reported for business type activities in the Cash Basis  
Statement of Activities and Net Position are different because:*

The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of health insurance and self-funding of the City's health insurance benefit plan to individual funds. A portion of the change in the cash balance of the Internal Service Fund is reported with the governmental activities in the Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position.	<u>155,648.11</u>
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Change in cash basis net position of governmental activities (page 21)	<u>\$ 278,503.68</u>
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**City of Carroll**  
**Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements**  
**and Changes in Cash Balances**  
**Proprietary Funds**  
**Year ended June 30, 2018**

	<b>Major Fund Water</b>	<b>Major Fund Storm Water Capital Impr</b>
<b>Operating receipts:</b>		
Charges for service	\$ 1,536,194.11	\$ -
<b>Total operating receipts</b>	<u>1,536,194.11</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Operating disbursements:</b>		
Governmental activities:		
Public Safety	-	-
Public works	-	-
Cultural and recreational	-	-
General government	-	-
Business-type activities:	1,132,429.67	-
<b>Total operating disbursements</b>	<u>1,132,429.67</u>	<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of operating receipts over (under) operating disbursements	<u>403,764.44</u>	<u>0.00</u>
<b>Non-operating receipts (disbursements)</b>		
Use of money and property	72,055.47	3,374.93
Miscellaneous	46,159.25	-
Capital Outlay	-	(54,954.95)
<b>Net non-operating receipts (disbursements)</b>	<u>118,214.72</u>	<u>(51,580.02)</u>
Other financing sources (uses):		
Bond/note proceeds	-	-
Operating transfers in	736,736.25	-
Operating transfers (out)	(1,073,688.00)	-
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>	<u>(336,951.75)</u>	<u>-</u>
Excess of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses	<u>185,027.41</u>	<u>(51,580.02)</u>
<b>Cash balance beginning of year</b>	<u>2,370,916.72</u>	<u>385,000.00</u>
<b>Cash balance end of year</b>	<u><u>\$ 2,555,944.13</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 333,419.98</u></u>
<b>Cash Basis Fund Balances</b>		
Restricted	\$ -	\$ -
Committed	77,710.12	-
Assigned	38,188.00	
Unrestricted	2,440,046.01	333,419.98
<b>Total cash basis fund balances</b>	<u><u>\$ 2,555,944.13</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 333,419.98</u></u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

**Exhibit D**

<b>Enterprise Funds</b>				<b>Internal Service Employee Health</b>
<b>Major Fund Sewer</b>	<b>Major Fund Storm Water</b>	<b>Other Non-Major Proprietary</b>	<b>Total</b>	
\$ 2,146,527.77	\$ 259,816.57	\$ -	\$ 3,942,538.45	\$ 708,386.08
2,146,527.77	259,816.57	-	3,942,538.45	708,386.08
-	-	-	-	146,230.73
-	-	-	-	107,616.54
-	-	-	-	151,320.96
-	-	-	-	41,759.55
1,145,731.17	6,654.00	9,750.00	2,294,564.84	93,860.96
1,145,731.17	6,654.00	9,750.00	2,294,564.84	540,788.74
1,000,796.60	253,162.57	(9,750.00)	1,647,973.61	167,597.34
35,395.45	4,305.38	19,604.96	134,736.19	6,962.00
29,307.13	1,249.18	10,375.00	87,090.56	-
-	-	(45,021.95)	(99,976.90)	-
64,702.58	5,554.56	(15,041.99)	121,849.85	6,962.00
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	85,000.00	821,736.25	-
(766,824.00)	-	-	(1,840,512.00)	-
(766,824.00)	-	85,000.00	(1,018,775.75)	-
298,675.18	258,717.13	60,208.01	751,047.71	174,559.34
3,119,290.24	303,559.69	2,067,162.53	8,245,929.18	625,873.02
\$ 3,417,965.42	\$ 562,276.82	\$ 2,127,370.54	\$ 8,996,976.89	\$ 800,432.36
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 800,432.36
45,194.50	-	124,664.52	247,569.14	-
43,824.00	-	-	82,012.00	-
3,328,946.92	562,276.82	2,002,706.02	8,667,395.75	-
\$ 3,417,965.42	\$ 562,276.82	\$ 2,127,370.54	\$ 8,996,976.89	\$ 800,432.36

**Exhibit E**

**City of Carroll**

**Reconciliation of the Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements  
And Changes in Cash Balances  
to the Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position  
Proprietary Funds  
As of and for the year ended June 30, 2018**

Total enterprise funds cash balances (page 27) \$ 8,996,976.89

*Amounts reported for business type activities in the Cash Basis  
Statement of Activities and Net Position are different because:*

The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of health insurance and self-funding of the City's health insurance benefit plan to individual funds. A portion of the cash balance of the Internal Service Fund is included in the business type activities in the Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position. 18,911.23

Cash Basis net position of Business type activities (page 21) \$ 9,015,888.12

Change in cash balances (page 27) \$ 751,047.71

*Amounts reported for business type activities in the Cash Basis  
Statement of Activities and Net Position are different because:*

The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of health insurance and self-funding of the City's health insurance benefit plan to individual funds. A portion of the change in the cash balance of the Internal Service Fund is reported with the business type activities in the Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position. 18,911.23

Change in cash basis net position of business type activities (page 21) \$ 769,958.94

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

**City of Carroll**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2018**

**Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The City of Carroll is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa located in Carroll County. It was first incorporated in 1869 and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The City operates under the Mayor-Council form of government with the Mayor and Council Members elected on a non-partisan basis. The City provides numerous services to citizens including public safety, public works, health and human services, culture and recreation, community and economic developments, and general government services. The City also provides water, sewer and storm water utilities for its citizens.

**A. Reporting Entity**

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Carroll has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City. The City has no component units that meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

**Jointly Governed Organizations**

The City also participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the City but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. City officials are members of the following boards and commissions: Carroll County Assessor's Conference Board, Carroll County Solid Waste Commission, City/County Communications Committee, Carroll County Regional Planning Commission, County Emergency Management Commission and County Joint E911 Service Board, and Carroll Area Access Television 6 (CAAT6) Board, and Carroll Foundation.

**B. Basis of Presentation**

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** – The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position reports information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from this statement.

Governmental activities, which are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net position presents the City's nonfiduciary net position. Net position is reported in following categories/components:

*Nonexpendable restricted net position* is subject to externally imposed stipulations which require the cash balance to be maintained permanently by the City, including the City's Permanent Fund.

*Expendable restricted net position* results when constraints placed on the use of cash balances are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Unrestricted net position* consists of cash balances not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to the constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Cash Basis Statement of Activities and Net Position demonstrates the degree to which the direct disbursements of a given function are offset by program receipts. Direct disbursements are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program receipts include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions, and interest on investments that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program receipts are reported instead as general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax receipts from general and emergency levies and other receipts not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating disbursements, the fixed charges and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds.

### Special Revenue

See accompanying notes to financial statements.



Road Use Tax is used to account for the road use tax allocation from the State of Iowa to be used for road construction and maintenance.

Local Option Sales Tax is used to account for a voter approved optional sales tax imposed on all sales within the electing jurisdiction. Revenue from this tax must be spent on the specific purposes set forth in the election ballot if other than property tax relief.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for property tax and other receipts to be used for the payment of interest and principal on the City's general long term debt.

The Capital Projects Funds are utilized to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities, with the exception of those that are financed through enterprise funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Enterprise, Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

The Enterprise, Sewer Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's waste water treatment and sanitary sewer system.

The Enterprise, Storm Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's storm water collection system.

The City also reports the following additional proprietary fund:

An Internal Service Fund is utilized to account for the financing of health insurance services provided to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The City of Carroll maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general receipts. Thus, when program disbursements are paid, there are both restricted and unrestricted cash basis net positions available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical

block grants and then by general receipts.

When a disbursement in governmental funds can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the City's policy is generally to first apply the disbursement toward restricted fund balance and then to less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating receipts and disbursements from non-operating items. Operating receipts and disbursements generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All receipts and disbursements not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating receipts and disbursements.

D. Governmental Cash Basis Fund Balances:

In the governmental fund financial statements, cash basis fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts which cannot be spent because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Assigned - Amounts the Council intends to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in the preceding classifications.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Other Information. During the year ended June 30, 2018, there were no disbursements that exceeded the amounts budgeted in the general government and business type activities functions.

**Note 2 - Cash and Pooled Investments**

The City's deposits in banks at June 30, 2018, were entirely covered by federal depository insurance, or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

Interest rate risk – The City's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the City.

### Note 3 - Bonds and Notes Payable

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds, sewer revenue bonds and capital loan notes are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Sewer Revenue Bonds		General Obligation Capital Loan Notes		Total	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2019	601,000	80,780	530,000	43,450	1,131,000	124,230
2020	619,000	70,263	540,000	37,500	1,159,000	107,763
2021	639,000	59,430	545,000	30,898	1,184,000	90,328
2022	659,000	48,248	565,000	23,140	1,224,000	71,388
2023	678,000	36,715	570,000	14,250	1,248,000	50,965
2024-25	1,420,000	37,468	295,000	4,720	1,715,000	42,188
	<u>\$ 4,616,000</u>	<u>\$ 332,903</u>	<u>\$ 3,045,000</u>	<u>\$ 153,958</u>	<u>\$ 7,661,000</u>	<u>\$ 486,860</u>

The Code of Iowa requires that principal and interest on general obligation bonds be paid from the Debt Service fund.

The resolutions providing for the issuance of the general obligation bonds include the following provisions:

The funds to pay principal and interest will be provided from the levied direct annual tax, except for the sewer revenue bonds that are paid with revenue generated by the sewer enterprise fund.

### General Obligation, Revenue and Capital Loan Notes

The City issued \$11,000,000, Revenue Capital Loan Notes, Series 2003, during the year ended June 30, 2004. Capital Loan Notes totaling \$8,000,000 were issued December 23, 2003, and an additional issue on June 9, 2004, of \$3,000,000. These notes will be used to defray the costs of wastewater treatment plant improvements. Interest rate is 3.00%. Interest payments are due semiannually beginning June 1, 2004. Principal and interest payments are paid semiannually starting June 1, 2006. In July 2015 the Iowa Finance Authority negotiated a reduced interest to 1.75% for payments starting in fiscal year 2015.

On April 23, 2015, the City issued \$1,770,000 in General Obligation Capital Loan Notes, Series 2015A, with an interest rate range of .750% to 1.850%. The net proceeds were used to defease/advance refund the GO Bond Series 2008A, in the amount of \$1,715,000.00. The City's designated Paying Agent, Bankers Trust Company, N.A., Des Moines, Iowa, will pay principal and interest on the Notes; interest payable initially on December 1, 2015, and thereafter interest on each June 1 and December 1, through 2023, principal paid annually starting June 1, 2017.

On March 23, 2016, the City issued \$910,000 in General Obligation Capital Loan Notes, Series 2016A, with an interest rate range of .450% to .850%. The net proceeds were used to pay costs of Cemetery maintenance building, and Third Street storm sewer improvements. The City's designated Paying Agent, Bankers Trust Company, N.A., Des Moines, Iowa, will pay principal and interest on the Notes; interest on each June 1 and December 1, through 2018, principal paid annually starting June 1, 2016.

On November 30, 2016, the City issued \$2,290,000 in General Obligation Capital Loan Notes, Series 2016B, with an interest rate range of .80% to 1.60%. The net proceeds were used to pay costs of a weight room expansion at the Rec Center, street improvements and acquisition of a street sweeper. The City's designated Paying Agent, Bankers Trust Company, N.A., Des Moines, Iowa, will pay principal and interest on the Notes; interest payable each June 1 and December 1, through 2024, principal paid annually starting June 1, 2017.

On May 15, 2018, the City issued \$205,000 in General Obligation Capital Loan Notes, Series 2018A, with an interest rate of 2.88%. The net proceeds were used to pay costs of Trails Improvements. The City paid principal and interest on the Notes in its entirety thirty days later, June 15, 2018.

### **Sewer Revenue Notes**

The City has pledged future sewer customer receipts, net of specific operating disbursements, to repay \$11,000,000 of sewer revenue notes issued in FY 2004 with \$8,000,000 issued December 2003 and \$3,000,000 issued June 2004. Proceeds from the notes provided financing for the construction of the wastewater treatment plant improvements and sanitary relief sewer improvements. The notes are payable solely from customer net receipts and are payable through 2025. Annual principal and interest payments on the notes are expected to require about 51% of net receipts. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the notes is \$4,948,902.50. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total customer net receipts were \$688,000 and \$1,327,413.50, respectively.

The resolutions providing for the issuance of the revenue notes include the following provisions:

- (a) The notes will only be redeemed from the future earnings of the sewer system activity and the note holders hold a lien on the future earnings of the fund.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

- (b) Sufficient monthly transfers shall be made to a separate sewer revenue note sinking account within the Sewer Fund for the purpose of making the note principal and interest payments when due.
- (c) All funds remaining in the sewer account at the close of the month may be deposited in any of the funds created by the resolutions, to pay for extraordinary repairs or replacements to the sewer system, or for any lawful purpose.

#### **Note 4 - Pension Plan**

Plan Description - IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the City, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the City are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7401 Register Drive, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at [www.ipers.org](http://www.ipers.org).

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

Pension Benefits – A regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five year average salary, except for members with service before June 30, 2012, will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

Protection occupation members may retire at normal retirement age, which is generally age 55. The formula used to calculate a protection occupation member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- 60% of average salary after completion of 22 years of service, plus an additional 1.5% of average salary for more than 22 years of service but not more than 30 years of service.
- The member's highest three-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early retirement reduction. The early retirement reduction is calculated differently for service before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is .25 percent for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned starting July 1, 2012, the reduction is .50 percent for each month that the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefits option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

Disability and Death Benefits – A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

Contributions – Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation which applies IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. State statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires that the actuarial contribution rate be determined by using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment base on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2018, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 5.95% of covered payroll and the City contributed 8.93% for a total of 14.88%. Protection occupation members contributed 6.56% of covered payroll and the City contributed 9.84% of covered payroll, for a total rate of 16.40%.

The city's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2018, were \$254,700.48.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2018, the City's liability for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability totaled \$ 2,428,210. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total pension liability used

to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to IPERS relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion was 0.036756%, which was an increase of 0.002369% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City's pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources totaled of \$333,772, \$884,470, and \$486,944 respectively.

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, as follows:

Rate of inflation (effective June 30, 2017)	2.60% per annum.
Rate of salary increase (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25% to 16.25%, average, including inflation. Rates vary by membership group.
Long-term investment rate of return (effective June 30, 2017)	7.00%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, including inflation,
Wage growth (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25% per annum, based on 2.6% inflation and 0.65% real wage inflation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of the actuarial experience study dated March 24, 2017.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustment for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The long term expected rate of return on IPERS investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Asset Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Core Plus Fixed Income	27%	2.25%
Domestic Equity	24	6.25
International Equity	16	6.71
Public Credit	3.5	3.46
Public Real Assets	7	3.27

Cash	1%	(0.31)%
Private Equity	11	11.15
Private Real Assets	7.5	4.18
Private Credit	<u>3</u>	4.25
Total	100%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and contributions from the City will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, IPERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.0 percent) or 1% point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Discount Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$3,997,919	\$2,426,513	\$1,106,229

IPERS' Net Position – Detailed information about IPERS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at [www.ipers.org](http://www.ipers.org).

### **Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (MFPRSI)**

Plan Description – MFPRSI membership is mandatory for fire fighters and police officers covered by the provisions of Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa. Employees of the City are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by MFPRSI. MFPRSI issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7155 Lake Drive, Suite #201, West Des Moines, Iowa 50266 or at [www.mfprsi.org](http://www.mfprsi.org).



MFPRSI benefits are established under Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is providing for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

Pension Benefits – Members with 4 or more years of service are entitled to pension benefits beginning at age 55. Full service retirement benefits are granted to members with 22 years of services, while partial benefits are available to those members with 4 to 22 years of service based on the ratio of years completed to the years required (i.e., 22 years). Members with less than 4 years of service are entitled to a refund of their contribution only, with interest, for the period of employment.

Benefits are calculated based upon the member's highest 3 years of compensation. The average of these 3 years becomes the member's average final compensation. The base benefit is 66% of the member's average final compensation. Members who perform more than 22 years of service receive an additional 2% of the member's average final compensation for each additional year of service, up to a maximum of 8 years. Survivor benefits are available to the beneficiary of a retired member according to the provisions of the benefit option chosen plus an additional benefit for each child. Survivor benefits are subject to a minimum benefit for those members who chose the basic benefit with a 50% surviving spouse benefit.

Active members, at least 55 years of age, with 22 or more years of service have the option to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP). The DROP is an arrangement whereby a member who is otherwise eligible to retire and commence benefits opts to continue to work. A member can elect a 3, 4, or 5 year DROP period. When electing to participate in DROP, the member signs a contract stating the member will retire at the end of the selected DROP period. During the DROP period, the member's retirement benefit is frozen and a DROP benefit is credited to a DROP account established for the member. Assuming the member completes the DROP period, the DROP benefit is equal to 52% of the member's retirement benefit at the member's earliest date eligible and 100% if the member delays enrollment for 24 months. At the member's actual date of retirement, the member's DROP account will be distributed to the member in the form of a lump sum or rollover to an eligible plan.

Disability and Death Benefits – Disability benefits may be either accidental or ordinary. Accidental disability is defined as permanent disability incurred in the line of duty, with benefits equivalent to the greater of 60% of the member's average final compensation or the member's service retirement benefit calculation amount. Ordinary disability occurs outside the call of duty and pays benefits equivalent to the greater of 50% of the member's average final compensation for those with 5 or more years of service or the member's services retirement benefit calculation amount and 25% of average final compensation for those with less than 5 years of service.

Death benefits are similar to disability benefits. Benefits for accidental death are 50% of the average final compensation of the member plus an additional amount for each child, or the provisions for ordinary death. Ordinary death benefits consist of a pension equal

to 40% of the average final compensation of the member plus an additional amount for each child, or a lump-sum distribution to the designated beneficiary equal to 50% of the previous year's earnable compensation of the member or equal to the amount of the member's total contributions plus interest.

Benefits are increased annually in accordance with Chapter 411.6 of the Code of Iowa which provides a standard formula for the increases.

The surviving spouse or dependents of an active member who dies due to a traumatic personal injury incurred in the line of duty receives a \$100,000 lump-sum payment.

Contributions – Members contribution rates are set by state statute. In accordance with Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa, the contribution rate was 9.40% of earnable compensation for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Employer contribution rates are based upon an actuarially determined normal contribution rate and set by state statute. The required actuarially determined contributions are calculated on the basis of the entry age normal method as adopted by the Board of Trustees as permitted under Chapter 411 of the Code of Iowa. The normal contribution rate is provided by state statute to be the actuarial liabilities of the plan less current plan assets, with such total divided by 1% of the actuarially determined present value of prospective future compensation of all members, further reduced by member contributions and state appropriations. Under the Code of Iowa, the employer's contribution rate cannot be less than 17.00% of earnable compensation. The contribution rate was 25.68% for the year ended June 30, 2018.

The City's contributions to MFPRSI for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$219,896.

If approved by the state legislature, state appropriations may further reduce the City's contribution rate, but not below the minimum statutory contribution rate of 17.00% of earnable compensation. The State of Iowa, therefore, is considered to be a nonemployer contributing entity in accordance with the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67 – Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, (GASB 67).

There were no state appropriations to MFPRSI during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$ 1,898,905 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the MFPRSI relative to the contributions of all MFPRSI participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion was .303698% which was an increase of 0.004302% from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City's pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources totaled \$ 270,965, \$ 723,703 and \$ 286,522 respectfully.

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	4.50 to 15.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of investment expense, including inflation

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2012.

Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue Collar Combined Healthy Mortality Table with males set-back two years, females set-forward one year and disabled individuals set-forward one year (male only rates), with five years projection of future mortality improvement with Scale BB.

The long-term expected rate of return on MFPRSI investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (i.e., expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Large cap	5.5%
Small cap	5.8
International large cap	7.3
Emerging markets	9.0
Emerging markets debt	6.3
Private non-core real estate	8.0
Master limited partnerships	9.0
Private equity	9.0
Core plus fixed income	3.3
Private core real estate	6.0
Tactical asset allocation	6.4

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed contributions will be made at 9.40% of covered payroll and the City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the MFPRSI's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on MFPRSI's investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.50 %) or 1% higher (8.50 %) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease <u>(6.5%)</u>	Discount Rate <u>(7.5%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(8.5%)</u>
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$2,927,152	\$1,781,113	\$827,901

MFPRSI's Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about MFPRSI's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MFPRSI financial report which is available on MFPRSI's website at [www.mfprsi.org](http://www.mfprsi.org).

## **Note 5 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)**

Plan Description - The City partially self-funds a single-employer health benefit plan which provides medical/prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees and their spouses. There are 49 active and two (2) retired members in the plan. Participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

The medical/prescription drug coverage is provided through a fully-insured plan with Wellmark. The City self-funds the co-payments, deductibles and out-of-pocket maximums to a lower amount. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefit as active employees, which results in an implicit subsidy and an OPEB liability.

Funding Policy - The contribution requirements of plan members are established by union contracts for union employees and by Council for non-union employees. The City currently finances the benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. Currently, employees are required to pay, on a pre-tax basis, 20% of the cost of the premium equal to the cost of electing continuing coverage under COBRA. For FY 2018, employees contributed \$1,170.18 for single coverage and \$2,606.40 for family coverage. For the year ended June 30, 2018 the City contributed \$582,117.70 and plan members eligible for benefits contributed \$133,230.38 to the plan.

If an employee certifies that he/she is otherwise covered by health insurance and opts to waive coverage through the City, the City shall pay the employee an amount equal to thirty-percent (30%) of the single health insurance coverage.

#### **Note 6 - Compensated Absences**

City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and compensatory time for use or payment upon termination, retirement or death. These accumulations are not recognized as disbursements by the City until used or paid. Sick leave for employees other than in the Police Department is payable when used for a maximum of 180 days. Unused sick leave is not paid upon termination, retirement or death. However, in accordance with the Union agreement, upon retirement from the Police Department, the City pays a police union employee for one-fourth of all accrued sick leave over 720 hours at their current pay rate. The City's approximate liability for earned vacation, compensatory time and sick leave termination benefits payable to employee at June 30, 2018, primarily relating to the General Fund, is as follows:

<u>Type of Benefits</u>	<u>Liability June 30, 2018</u>
Vacation	\$ 158,796.67
Compensatory Time	23,421.54
Sick Leave	<u>4,435.24</u>
	<u>\$ 186,653.45</u>

\* Computed based on rates of pay as of June 30, 2018.

#### **Note 7 - Hospital Revenue Bonds**

On November 1, 2006, the City issued a total of \$5,425,000 of Hospital Revenue Bonds under the provisions of Chapter 419 of the Code of Iowa. The bonds and related interest are payable solely from the revenue of St. Anthony Regional Hospital, and the bond principal and

interest do not constitute liabilities of the City.

On November 26, 2012, the City issued a total of \$4,820,000 of Hospital Revenue Refunding Bonds under the provisions of Chapter 419 of the Code of Iowa. The bonds and related interest are payable solely from the revenue of St. Anthony Regional Hospital, and the bond principal and interest do not constitute liabilities of the City.

## **Note 8 - Land Fill Contract**

The City of Carroll has an agreement with the Carroll County Solid Waste Commission for solid waste disposal, for all households and businesses within the City. For the year ended June 30, 2018, \$122,979 was paid pursuant to the agreement.

The City entered the agreement on February 25, 1971. There is no specified termination date. The City and other municipalities in the county have representation on the commission, which sets the rates paid based upon its annual budget. The charge is assessed to each municipality and the rural areas based upon population and adjusted arbitrarily based upon the distance the municipality is from the landfill to equalize hauling costs. The City of Carroll's share of the fees at June 30, 2018, was 47% of the total.

## **Note 9 - Interfund Transfers**

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018, is as follows:

<b>Transfer to</b>	<b>Transfer from</b>	<b>Amount</b>
General	Special Revenue Enterprise	Employee Benefits \$733,346.91
		Water- Employee Benefits 38,188.00
		Sewer- Employee Benefits 43,824.00
Special Revenue	Road Use Tax	Employee Benefit Special 162,305.77
Debt Service	Special Revenue	Ashwood 32,882.88
		Local Option Sales Tax 379,255.00
	Capital Project Enterprise	Parks 26,701.77
		Sewer 688,000.00
Capital Projects	General Fund	CP – Airport 44,120.00
		Streets 50,000.00
	Special Revenue	Hotel to CP-Parks & Rec 244,384.00
		LOST to Library/City Hall 350,000.00
		LOST to Parks and Rec 366,982.00
		LOST to Streets 150,000.00
		CP Corridor 985,500.00
Enterprise	Water Enterprise	UR Downtown to Water 736,736.25
		Water to Water Depr. 50,000.00
		Sewer to Sewer Depr. <u>35,000.00</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

- \* Transfers generally move resources from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to disburse the resources.

## **Note 10 - Risk Management**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The City assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### **Iowa Municipalities Worker's Compensation Association**

In July 1987, the City joined together with other cities and counties in the State to participate in the Iowa Municipalities Workers' Compensation Association (IMWCA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a workers' compensation risk management and insurance program for 535 member cities, counties and Chapter 28E entities. Under the Workers' Compensation Coverage Agreement of the IMWCA, each participant of the IMWCA authorized the IMWCA to issue and sell bonds on behalf of the participants for the purpose of providing funds to pay claims and the costs of issuing such bonds. The City pays an annual premium to IMWCA to pay the City's pro rata share of the principal and interest on the bonds and administrative expenses of the IMWCA. The Workers' Compensation Coverage agreement provides that IMWCA will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will annually evaluate the need to reinsure through commercial companies to protect the fund from catastrophic claims. The City's pro rata share of the IMWCA's bonds outstanding for fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, is zero as the debt has been paid in its entirety. The City's annual contributions to IMWCA for the year ended June 30, 2018, were \$59,394.00.

### **Iowa Communities Assurance Pool**

The City of Carroll is a member in the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 775 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public official's liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine, and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual casualty operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims

expenses and reinsurance expenses estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained at a level determined by the Board not to exceed 300% of basis rates.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual property operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses and reinsurance premiums, losses and loss expenses for property risks estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The City's property and casualty contributions to the Pool are recorded as disbursements from its operating funds at the time of payment to the Pool. The City's annual contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2018, were \$199,690.07.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$500,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$500,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the City's risk-sharing certificate. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$250,000 each occurrence, each location. Property risks exceeding \$250,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the City's risk-sharing certificate.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the member's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exhausts the Pool's funds and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims or losses shall be the obligation of the respective individual member against whom the claim was made or loss was incurred.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days' prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Upon withdrawal, a formula set forth in the Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members is applied to determine the amount (if any) to be refunded to the withdrawing member.

The City also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with airport liability in the amount of \$3,774. The City assumes liability for any deductibles, and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.



## **Note 11 – Related Party Transactions**

The City had business transactions between the City and City Officials totaling \$4,437.06 during the year ended June 30, 2018.

## **Note 12 – Litigation**

The Airport Commission has brought a petition for abatement of nuisance against a county resident who constructed a grain leg that violates county zoning regulation regarding protected air space contiguous to the regional airport. A judgement in favor of the Airport Commission was issued August 28, 2017. The case was appealed to the Iowa Court of Appeals who accepted the case. A ruling has not been issued by the appeals court. Oral arguments with the Iowa Supreme Court are scheduled for January 23, 2019.

The City is vigorously defending itself against a lawsuit filed by citizen against the City, the City Manager, and the City Council to prevent the library/city hall project from moving forward. The City filed a Motion to Dismiss the lawsuit and a Motion for Expedited Consideration. On September 24, 2018 the court granted the City's motion to dismiss.

The City is defending itself against a lawsuit filed by Drake Construction, LLC regarding a contract dispute. Currently, the parties are exploring settlement. Discovery is ongoing with a trial date of February 26, 2019; however, both counsels believe that the trial will need to be continued to a future date if the matter cannot be settled. The City concedes that the contractor may be owed a payment on the contract but has filed a counterclaim based on the project not being completed on the contracted completion date and the contracted liquidated damages provision in the contract. In addition the contractor's surety bond provides reimbursement for additional expenses for labor and equipment furnished by the City.

## **Note 13 – Development Agreement**

The City has entered into a development agreement with Biokinometrics Holdings LLC and DMBA Properties & Consulting, Inc. for the construction of a 17,000 square foot, two story building investing not less than \$1,100,000 into capital improvements. The City agreed to pay the developer an amount not to exceed \$300,000 subject to annual appropriation by the City Council. The agreement requires up to thirty payments, provided the developer is in compliance with the terms of the agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2018, there were no payments made to the developer. At June 30, 2018, the remaining balance to be paid on the agreement was \$300,000.

In August 2018, the City entered into a development agreement with 704 Development Corporation for the construction a 12-unit residential subdivision. The City agreed to pay in the form of property tax rebates of potential incremental taxes to the developer an amount not to exceed \$72,000 subject to annual appropriations. The rebates will be available for up to a maximum of 10 years.

In October 2018, the City entered into a development agreement with Green Stream Homes of Iowa, LLC for the development of a 76-unit residential subdivision (60 two-bedroom apartment units and 16 duplex units). The City agreed to pay in the form of property tax rebates of potential incremental taxes to the developer an amount not to exceed \$600,000 subject to annual appropriations. The rebates will be available for up to a maximum of 10 years.

#### Note 14 – Subsequent Events

On August 1, 2017, the City's special election ballot contained a referendum requesting permission to issue general obligation capital loan notes not to exceed the amount of \$3,800,000 for the purpose of reconstructing, renovating, remodeling, equipping and furnishing a building for use as City administrative offices and a City Hall, and thereafter for the reconstruction, renovation, remodeling, equipping and furnishing of existing City administrative offices, City Hall, and Library for use as an expanded Carroll Public Library facility. The referendum passed. Debt was issued November 14, 2018.

The City has rental agreements for temporary locations for the library and city hall operations so that the remodeling project can commence.

City of Carroll  
Other Information

**City of Carroll**  
**Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Balances -**  
**Actual and Budget (Cash Basis) - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds**  
**Year ended June 30, 2018**

	Governmental Fund Type Actual	Proprietary Fund Actual	Less Funds not Required to be Budgeted and Adjustments
<b>Receipts:</b>			
Property tax	\$ 6,467,815.32	\$ -	\$ -
Other taxes	1,804,817.86	-	-
Use of money and property	139,478.38	134,736.19	-
Licenses and permits	87,502.24	-	-
Intergovernmental	2,561,416.90	-	-
Charges for service	1,725,978.03	3,942,538.45	-
Fines and fees	103,202.40	-	-
Miscellaneous	377,022.90	87,090.56	-
<b>Total receipts</b>	<u>13,267,234.03</u>	<u>4,164,365.20</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Disbursements:</b>			
Public Safety	2,084,334.72	-	-
Public Works	2,350,036.21	-	-
Health and Social Services	107,005.00	-	-
Culture and Recreation	2,633,372.95	-	-
Community & Economic Development	119,838.71	-	-
General Government	981,728.74	-	-
Debt Service	1,781,586.15	-	688,000.00
Capital Projects	4,310,251.73	-	-
<b>Total Government Activities</b>	<u>14,368,154.21</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>688,000.00</u>
Business Type Activities		2,394,541.74	-
<b>Total disbursements</b>	<u>14,368,154.21</u>	<u>2,394,541.74</u>	<u>688,000.00</u>
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over disbursements	(1,100,920.18)	1,769,823.46	(688,000.00)
Other financing sources (uses), net	<u>1,223,775.75</u>	<u>(1,018,775.75)</u>	<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over (under) disbursements and other financing uses	122,855.57	751,047.71	(688,000.00)
<b>Balance beginning of year</b>	<u>11,067,464.24</u>	<u>8,245,929.18</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Balance end of year</b>	<u><u>\$ 11,190,319.81</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 8,996,976.89</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (688,000.00)</u></u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Net	Budgeted Amounts		Final to Actual Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Net as % of Budget
	Original	Final		
\$ 6,467,815.32	\$ 6,328,826.00	\$ 6,328,826.00	\$ 138,989.32	102%
1,804,817.86	1,886,553.00	1,886,553.00	(81,735.14)	96%
274,214.57	161,550.00	161,550.00	112,664.57	170%
87,502.24	65,375.00	65,375.00	22,127.24	134%
2,561,416.90	3,195,831.00	3,495,831.00	(934,414.10)	73%
5,668,516.48	5,584,760.00	5,584,760.00	83,756.48	101%
103,202.40	-	-	103,202.40	-
464,113.46	267,625.00	390,125.00	73,988.46	119%
17,431,599.23	17,490,520.00	17,913,020.00	(481,420.77)	97%
2,084,334.72	2,112,971.00	2,136,971.00	52,636.28	98%
2,350,036.21	2,462,828.00	2,662,828.00	312,791.79	88%
107,005.00	121,445.00	121,445.00	14,440.00	88%
2,633,372.95	3,114,523.00	3,442,073.00	808,700.05	77%
119,838.71	133,900.00	138,500.00	18,661.29	87%
981,728.74	1,058,142.00	1,100,242.00	118,513.26	89%
1,093,586.15	1,098,374.00	1,098,374.00	4,787.85	100%
4,310,251.73	4,805,482.00	5,344,602.00	1,034,350.27	81%
13,680,154.21	14,907,665.00	16,045,035.00	2,364,880.79	85%
2,394,541.74	3,979,279.00	3,979,279.00	1,584,737.26	60%
16,074,695.95	18,886,944.00	20,024,314.00	3,949,618.05	80%
1,356,903.28	(1,396,424.00)	(2,111,294.00)	3,468,197.28	
205,000.00	2,333,500.00	2,333,500.00	2,128,500.00	
1,561,903.28	937,076.00	222,206.00	1,339,697.28	
19,313,393.42	15,778,128.00	19,499,347.00		
<u>\$ 20,875,296.70</u>	<u>\$ 16,715,204.00</u>	<u>\$ 19,721,553.00</u>		

**City of Carroll**  
**Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Reporting**  
**June 30, 2018**

The budgetary comparison is presented in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds, except the Internal Service Fund. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon nine major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund. These nine functions are: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital projects, and business type activities. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Funds, the Permanent Fund and Enterprise Funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. During the year, one budget amendment increased budgeted disbursements by \$1,818,237 and budgeted revenues by \$1,103,367. The budget amendments are reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, disbursements did not exceed the amounts budgeted in the general government and business-type activities functions.

**City of Carroll**  
**Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability**  
**Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System**  
**For the Last Four Years\***  
**(In Thousands)**

**Other Information**

	2018	2017	2016	2015
City's proportionate of the net pension liability	0.036756%	0.034411%	0.032422%	0.035048%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$2,428	\$2,146	\$1,602	\$1,390
City's covered-employee payroll	\$2,853	\$2,720	\$2,221	\$2,218
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	85.10%	79.56%	72.13%	62.67%
IPERS' net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.21%	81.82%	85.19%	87.61%

\* In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the amounts presented for each fiscal year determined as of June 30 of the preceding fiscal year.

**City of Carroll**  
**Scheduled of City Contributions**  
**Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System**  
**Last 10 Fiscal Years**

**Other Information**

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$254,700	\$242,817	\$198,356	\$198,054
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(254,700)	(242,817)	(198,356)	(198,054)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 2,852,890	\$ 2,719,847	\$ 2,221,231	\$ 2,217,864
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%

See accompanying notes to financial statements.



2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
\$204,797	\$210,487	\$200,546	\$174,960	\$158,872	\$144,939
(204,797)	(210,487)	(200,546)	(174,960)	(158,872)	(144,939)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 2,293,361	\$ 2,428,474	\$ 2,484,915	\$ 2,517,417	\$ 2,389,040	\$ 2,282,501
8.93%	8.67%	8.07%	6.95%	6.65%	6.35%

**City of Carroll**  
**Notes to Other Information – Pension Liability**  
**Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System**  
**Year ended June 30, 2018**

Changes of benefit terms:

Legislation passed in 2010 modified benefit terms for Regular members. The definition of final average salary changed from the highest three to the highest five years of covered wages. The vesting requirement changed from four years of service to seven years. The early retirement reduction increased from 3 % per year measured from the member's first unreduced retirement age to a 6 % reduction for each year of retirement before age 65.

Changes of assumptions:

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Moved from an open 30 year amortization period to a closed 30 year amortization period for the UAL (unfunded actuarial liability) beginning June 30, 2015. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20 year period.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

The 2010 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Adjusted retiree mortality assumptions.
- Modified retirement rates to reflect fewer retirements.
- Lowered disability rates at most ages.
- Lowered employment termination rates.
- Generally increased the probability of terminating members receiving a deferred retirement benefit.
- Modified salary increase assumptions based on various service duration.

**City of Carroll**  
**Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability**  
**Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa**  
**For the Last Four Year\***  
**(In Thousands)**

**Other Information**

	2018	2017	2016	2015
City's proportionate of the net pension liability	0.303698%	0.299390%	0.287974%	0.278188%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$1,899	\$1,872	\$1,043	\$1,008
City's covered-employee payroll	\$856	\$860	\$811	\$755
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	221.85%	217.67%	128.61%	133.51%
IPERS' net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	80.60%	78.20%	83.04%	86.27%

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

**City of Carroll**  
**Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa**

**City of Carroll**  
**Scheduled of City Contributions**  
**Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa**  
**Last 10 Fiscal Years**

**Other Information**

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$219,896	\$222,948	\$225,310	\$229,656
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(219,896)	(222,948)	(225,310)	(229,656)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 856,291	\$ 860,141	\$ 811,343	\$ 755,200
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	25.68%	25.92%	27.77%	30.41%

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
\$213,975	\$182,280	\$170,374	\$151,853	\$122,321	\$126,086
(213,975)	(182,280)	(170,374)	(151,853)	(122,321)	(126,086)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 710,408	\$ 697,855	\$ 688,104	\$ 763,081	\$ 719,531	\$ 672,457
30.12%	26.12%	24.76%	19.90%	17.00%	18.75%

**City of Carroll**  
**Notes to Other Information – Pension Liability**  
**Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa**  
**Year ended June 30, 2018**

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no significant changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions:

The 2017 valuation added five years projection of future mortality improvement with Scale BB.

The 2016 valuation changed postretirement mortality rates to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Combined Healthy Mortality Table with males set-back two years, females set-forward one year and disabled individuals set-forward one year (males only rates), with no projection of future mortality improvement.

The 2015 valuation phased in the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table for postretirement mortality. This resulted in a weighting of 1/12 of the 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table and 11/12 of the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table.

The 2014 valuation phased in the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table for post-retirement mortality. This resulted in a weighting of 2/12 of the 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table and 10/12 of the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table.



**City of Carroll**  
**Supplementary Information**

City of Carroll  
Schedule of Cash Receipts, Disbursements  
and Changes in Cash Balances  
Nonmajor Governmental Funds  
Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Employee Benefits	Urban Renewal	Ashwood UR	Police K-9 Fund	Recrea- -tion Center Trust
<b>Receipts:</b>					
Property tax	\$ 863,684.36	\$ 801,441.21	\$ 29,867.33	\$ -	\$ -
Other taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property:					
Interest on deposits	-	1,390.89	182.35	-	275.09
Intergovernmental:					
State funding	31,968.32	1,911.88	2,833.20	-	-
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	12,578.63	32,387.41
<b>Total receipts</b>	<b>895,652.68</b>	<b>804,743.98</b>	<b>32,882.88</b>	<b>12,578.63</b>	<b>32,662.50</b>
<b>Disbursements:</b>					
Public Safety	-	-	-	22,562.45	-
Public Works	-	-	-	-	-
Culture & Recreation	-	-	-	-	34,944.55
Community and Economic Development:	-	-	-	-	-
Capital	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total disbursements</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>22,562.45</b>	<b>34,944.55</b>
Excess (deficiency ) of receipts over (under) disbursements	895,652.68	804,743.98	32,882.88	(9,983.82)	(2,282.05)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers (out)	(895,652.68)	(736,736.25)	(32,882.88)	-	-
	(895,652.68)	(736,736.25)	(32,882.88)	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources (uses) over (under) disbursements	-	68,007.73	-	(9,983.82)	(2,282.05)
<b>Cash balance beginning of year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(21,917.03)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12,971.38</b>	<b>34,773.88</b>
<b>Cash balance end of year</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 46,090.70</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 2,987.56</b>	<b>\$ 32,491.83</b>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Schedule 1

			Permanent			
Police Forfeiture	Crime Prevention	Library Trust	Cemetery Perpetual Care	Rec Center Trust	Total	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,694,992.90	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
113.48	514.17	668.45	4,697.45	328.64	8,170.52	
-	1,425.00	3,457.75	-	-	41,596.15	
-	5,720.00	-	-	-	5,720.00	
2,976.41	3,900.00	1,868.06	15,162.50	1,000.00	69,873.01	
3,089.89	11,559.17	5,994.26	19,859.95	1,328.64	1,820,352.58	
137.60	7,152.20	-	-	-	29,852.25	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	4,502.35	-	-	39,446.90	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
137.60	7,152.20	4,502.35	-	-	69,299.15	
2,952.29	4,406.97	1,491.91	19,859.95	1,328.64	1,751,053.43	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	(1,665,271.81)	
-	-	-	-	-	(1,665,271.81)	
2,952.29	4,406.97	1,491.91	19,859.95	1,328.64	85,781.62	
11,587.86	51,807.83	66,167.79	471,173.48	33,365.77	659,930.96	
\$ 14,540.15	\$ 56,214.80	\$ 67,659.70	\$ 491,033.43	\$ 34,694.41	\$ 745,712.58	

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

**City of Carroll**  
**Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements**  
**and Changes in Cash Balances**  
**Non-Major Proprietary Funds**  
**Year ended June 30, 2018**

	<b>Water Depreciation</b>	<b>Water Meter Deposit</b>
<b>Receipts:</b>		
Use of money and property	\$ 7,096.00	\$ -
Miscellaneous	-	10,375.00
<b>Total Receipts</b>	<u>7,096.00</u>	<u>10,375.00</u>
<b>Disbursements:</b>		
Business-type activities:		
Operations	-	9,750.00
Capital Outlay	-	-
<b>Total Disbursements</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,750.00</u>
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements	<u>7,096.00</u>	<u>625.00</u>
Other financing sources (uses):		
Operating transfers in	50,000.00	-
Operating transfers (out)	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>50,000.00</u>	<u>-</u>
Excess of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses	57,096.00	625.00
<b>Cash balance beginning of year</b>	<u>720,924.66</u>	<u>44,645.90</u>
<b>Cash balance end of year</b>	<u><u>\$ 778,020.66</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 45,270.90</u></u>
<b>Cash Basis Fund Balances</b>		
Committed	\$ -	\$ -
Unrestricted	778,020.66	45,270.90
<b>Total cash basis fund balances</b>	<u><u>\$ 778,020.66</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 45,270.90</u></u>

## Schedule 2

Non-Major Enterprise Funds			
Sewer Depreciation	Sewer Capital Improv.	Water Capital Improv.	Total
\$ 5,425.15	\$ 5,958.59	\$ 1,125.22	\$ 19,604.96
-	-	-	10,375.00
5,425.15	5,958.59	1,125.22	29,979.96
-	-	-	9,750.00
-	8,416.48	36,605.47	45,021.95
-	8,416.48	36,605.47	54,771.95
5,425.15	(2,457.89)	(35,480.25)	(24,791.99)
35,000.00	-	-	85,000.00
-	-	-	-
35,000.00	-	-	85,000.00
40,425.15	(2,457.89)	(35,480.25)	60,208.01
551,448.67	614,559.45	135,583.85	2,067,162.53
<u>\$ 591,873.82</u>	<u>\$ 612,101.56</u>	<u>\$ 100,103.60</u>	<u>\$ 2,127,370.54</u>
\$ -	\$ 83,883.52	\$ 40,781.00	\$ 124,664.52
591,873.82	528,218.04	59,322.60	2,002,706.02
<u>\$ 591,873.82</u>	<u>\$ 612,101.56</u>	<u>\$ 100,103.60</u>	<u>\$ 2,127,370.54</u>

**City of Carroll**  
**Schedule of Indebtedness**  
**Year ended June 30, 2018**

<b>Obligation</b>	<b>Date of Issue</b>	<b>Interest Rates</b>	<b>Amount Originally Issued</b>
<b>Revenue Bonds</b>			
Sewer Revenue Bonds	6/9/2004	1.75%	11,000,000.00
<b>General Obligation/Capital Loan Notes:</b>			
Capital Loan Note Series 2018A	5/15/2018	2.88%	205,000.00
Capital Loan Note Series 2015A GO Refunding Loan	4/23/2015	.75-1.85%	1,770,000.00
Capital Loan Note Series 2016A GO Cap Loan	3/23/2016	.45-.85%	910,000.00
Capital Loan Note Series 2016B GO Cap Loan	11/30/2016	.8-1.60%	<u>2,290,000.00</u>
Grand Total			<u><u>\$ 17,295,000.00</u></u>

### Schedule 3

Balance Beginning of Year	Issued During Year	Redeemed During Year	Balance End of Year	Interest Paid	Interest Due and Unpaid
5,200,000.00	-	584,000.00	4,616,000.00	91,000.00	-
-	205,000.00	205,000.00	-	491.15	-
1,615,000.00	-	260,000.00	1,355,000.00	23,827.50	-
260,000.00	-	260,000.00	-	2,210.00	-
2,005,000.00	-	315,000.00	1,690,000.00	25,057.50	-
<u>\$ 9,080,000.00</u>	<u>\$ 205,000.00</u>	<u>\$ 1,624,000.00</u>	<u>\$ 7,661,000.00</u>	<u>\$ 142,586.15</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

**Schedule 4**

**City of Carroll  
Bond and Note Maturities  
June 30, 2018**

**Revenue Bonds  
Series 2003  
WWTP Improvements  
Revenue Bond  
Issued June 9, 2004**

<b>Year Ending June 30,</b>	<b>Interest Rate</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Revenue Bonds</b>
2019	1.75%	601,000	601,000
2020	1.75%	619,000	619,000
2021	1.75%	639,000	639,000
2022	1.75%	659,000	659,000
2023	1.75%	678,000	678,000
2024	1.75%	699,000	699,000
2025	1.75%	721,000	721,000
		<u><u>\$ 4,616,000</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 4,616,000</u></u>

**General Obligation Notes**

Year Ended June 30,	Series 2015A		Series 2016B Cemetery Bldg/3rd St Storm Sewer		Total General Obligation Notes
	Aquatic Refunding				
	April 23, 2015		November 30, 2016		
	Interest Rate	Amount	Interest Rate	Amount	
2019	1.25%	260,000	1.00%	270,000	530,000
2020	1.35%	265,000	1.10%	275,000	540,000
2021	1.60%	270,000	1.25%	275,000	545,000
2022	1.75%	280,000	1.40%	285,000	565,000
2023	1.85%	280,000	1.50%	290,000	570,000
2024			1.60%	295,000	295,000
		\$ 1,355,000		\$ 1,690,000	\$ 3,045,000



**City of Carroll**

**City of Carroll**  
**Schedule of Cash Receipts, Disbursements**  
**and Change in Cash Balances**  
**Capital Projects Funds**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2018**

	<b>Street Rehabilitation</b>	<b>Library City Hall</b>
<b>Receipts:</b>		
Use of money and property:		
Interest on investments	\$ 3,119.21	\$ -
Intergovernmental:		
Federal Grant	594,087.77	-
Vision Iowa Grant	-	-
	<u>594,087.77</u>	-
Miscellaneous:		
Donations	-	49,909.75
Miscellaneous revenues	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>49,909.75</u>
<b>Total receipts</b>	<u>597,206.98</u>	<u>49,909.75</u>
<b>Disbursements:</b>		
Capital outlay	972,811.78	111,086.48
	<u>972,811.78</u>	<u>111,086.48</u>
<b>Total disbursements</b>	<u>972,811.78</u>	<u>111,086.48</u>
Deficiency of receipts under disbursements	<u>(375,604.80)</u>	<u>(61,176.73)</u>
Other financing sources (uses):		
General Obligation debt proceeds	-	-
Transfers In (Out):		
To General Fund & others	-	-
From General Fund & others	200,000.00	350,000.00
	<u>200,000.00</u>	<u>350,000.00</u>
Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources (uses) over disbursements	(175,604.80)	288,823.27
<b>Balance beginning of year</b>	<u>560,893.78</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Balance end of year</b>	<u><u>\$ 385,288.98</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 288,823.27</u></u>

**Schedule 5**

<b>Streets Maintenance Building</b>	<b>Corridor of Commerce</b>	<b>Airport</b>	<b>Parks &amp; Recreation</b>	<b>Total</b>
\$ 19,593.95	\$ 10,429.95	\$ -	\$ 798.87	\$ 33,941.98
-	228,394.92	133,689.00	-	956,171.69
-	-	-	23,768.10	23,768.10
-	228,394.92	133,689.00	23,768.10	979,939.79
-	-	-	5,000.00	54,909.75
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	5,000.00	54,909.75
19,593.95	238,824.87	133,689.00	29,566.97	1,068,791.52
-	2,232,528.22	346,167.48	647,657.77	4,310,251.73
-	2,232,528.22	346,167.48	647,657.77	4,310,251.73
-	2,232,528.22	346,167.48	647,657.77	4,310,251.73
19,593.95	(1,993,703.35)	(212,478.48)	(618,090.80)	(3,241,460.21)
-	-	-	205,000.00	205,000.00
-	-	-	(26,701.77)	(26,701.77)
-	985,500.00	44,120.00	611,366.00	2,190,986.00
-	985,500.00	44,120.00	789,664.23	2,369,284.23
19,593.95	(1,008,203.35)	(168,358.48)	171,573.43	(872,175.98)
2,002,500.00	2,182,951.71	-	264,047.00	5,010,392.49
<u>\$ 2,022,093.95</u>	<u>\$ 1,174,748.36</u>	<u>\$ (168,358.48)</u>	<u>\$ 435,620.43</u>	<u>\$ 4,138,216.51</u>

**City of Carroll**  
**Schedule of Receipts by Source and**  
**Disbursements by Function**  
**All Governmental Fund Types**  
**For the Last Ten Years**

For the Years ended June 30,

	2018	2017	2016	2015
<b>Receipts:</b>				
Property tax	\$ 6,467,815.32	\$ 6,315,574.14	\$ 6,356,527.42	\$ 6,592,626.16
Other Taxes	1,804,817.86	1,913,639.18	1,728,626.59	1,799,782.76
Non-property tax	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	139,478.38	108,417.25	81,388.36	67,284.88
Licenses and permits	87,502.24	80,503.84	82,998.16	83,630.71
Intergovernmental	2,561,416.90	2,126,946.58	1,945,518.85	1,512,758.17
Charges for Services	1,725,978.03	1,677,192.37	1,720,850.72	1,687,492.25
Special assessments	-	-	-	-
Fines and fees	103,202.40	64,996.72	69,564.35	70,730.45
Miscellaneous	377,022.90	357,396.35	227,960.13	179,109.35
<b>Total receipts</b>	<b>13,267,234.03</b>	<b>12,644,666.43</b>	<b>12,213,434.58</b>	<b>11,993,414.73</b>
<b>Disbursements:</b>				
Public Safety Program	2,084,334.72	1,998,800.30	1,938,331.21	1,906,630.63
Public Works Program	2,350,036.21	2,089,764.87	2,065,191.97	2,067,094.76
Health and Social Services Program	107,005.00	101,375.00	100,325.00	102,525.00
Culture and Recreation Program	2,633,372.95	2,665,031.90	2,521,114.49	2,603,412.07
Community and Economic Development Program	119,838.71	114,582.22	145,531.69	157,123.42
General Government	981,728.74	1,037,872.98	974,943.53	935,009.41
Debt Service	1,781,586.15	1,743,657.18	3,526,090.38	2,196,365.03
Capital Projects	4,310,251.73	3,266,965.70	2,551,695.07	2,326,714.41
<b>Total disbursements</b>	<b>14,368,154.21</b>	<b>13,018,050.15</b>	<b>13,823,223.34</b>	<b>12,294,874.73</b>
Excess (deficiency ) of receipts over (under)				
disbursements	(1,100,920.18)	(373,383.72)	(1,609,788.76)	(301,460.00)
Other financing sources, net	1,223,775.75	1,019,479.55	1,952,357.00	4,008,242.75
Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources (uses) over (under)				
disbursements	122,855.57	646,095.83	342,568.24	3,706,782.75
<b>Balance beginning of year</b>	<b>11,067,464.24</b>	<b>10,421,368.41</b>	<b>10,078,800.17</b>	<b>6,372,017.42</b>
<b>Balance end of year</b>	<b>\$ 11,190,319.81</b>	<b>\$ 11,067,464.24</b>	<b>\$ 10,421,368.41</b>	<b>\$ 10,078,800.17</b>

# Schedule 6

2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
\$ 6,067,014.23	\$ 6,056,661.80	\$ 5,760,635.65	\$ 5,555,482.90	\$ 5,293,004.55	\$ 4,789,641.54
1,601,246.98	1,657,031.49	1,504,595.60	1,575,604.70	1,460,964.73	1,500,539.63
-	-	-	-	63,071.68	61,044.26
52,740.68	54,773.45	57,126.89	61,269.11	78,553.97	187,414.01
75,342.69	65,097.37	63,764.45	81,580.33	66,677.87	80,867.06
1,199,469.11	1,902,694.79	2,113,613.13	3,443,056.73	1,402,405.54	1,418,284.53
1,776,696.48	1,670,721.37	1,706,685.62	1,653,576.74	1,640,511.31	1,555,741.65
-	-	-	-	1,278.00	5,129.00
75,342.29	66,969.17	54,534.19	51,736.28	40,988.72	37,124.00
209,639.55	354,328.62	266,697.99	276,884.47	219,133.42	477,564.98
<u>11,057,492.01</u>	<u>11,828,278.06</u>	<u>11,527,653.52</u>	<u>12,699,191.26</u>	<u>10,203,518.11</u>	<u>10,052,306.40</u>
1,776,907.84	1,813,369.47	1,820,199.02	1,782,233.01	1,713,451.86	1,627,380.03
2,185,955.93	2,167,353.30	1,930,014.05	1,875,419.28	2,051,546.16	1,925,174.12
107,575.00	103,900.00	103,196.00	102,765.00	97,795.00	97,620.00
2,516,906.96	2,238,842.89	2,417,219.85	2,542,526.01	2,208,268.55	2,130,037.88
239,825.48	383,043.37	423,006.75	158,550.41	66,023.04	67,313.35
922,779.99	851,595.01	885,071.90	1,161,529.37	1,026,174.09	822,634.94
2,352,246.01	3,035,244.62	2,511,493.00	2,527,978.00	2,875,253.88	3,957,572.22
973,421.15	3,191,507.88	1,780,110.35	4,102,417.94	2,622,199.26	4,622,153.21
<u>11,075,618.36</u>	<u>13,784,856.54</u>	<u>11,870,310.92</u>	<u>14,253,419.02</u>	<u>12,660,711.84</u>	<u>15,249,885.75</u>
(18,126.35)	(1,956,578.48)	(342,657.40)	(1,554,227.76)	(2,457,193.73)	(5,197,579.35)
<u>1,040,982.25</u>	<u>2,140,803.28</u>	<u>1,366,648.55</u>	<u>1,646,622.00</u>	<u>1,657,858.00</u>	<u>1,119,777.50</u>
1,022,855.90	184,224.80	1,023,991.15	92,394.24	(799,335.73)	(4,077,801.85)
5,349,161.52	5,164,936.72	4,140,945.57	4,048,551.33	4,847,887.06	8,925,688.91
<u>\$ 6,372,017.42</u>	<u>\$ 5,349,161.52</u>	<u>\$ 5,164,936.72</u>	<u>\$ 4,140,945.57</u>	<u>\$ 4,048,551.33</u>	<u>\$ 4,847,887.06</u>

**City of Carroll**  
**Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards**  
**Year Ended June 30, 2018**

<b>Grantor/Program</b>	<b>CFDA Number</b>	<b>Agency Pass-through Number</b>	<b>Program Disburse- ments</b>
<b>Direct:</b>			
Federal Aviation Administration			
FAA Airport Improvement Program			
Driveway Reconstruction	20.106	303-4-2080-3-4019	276,172.01
Justice Department- Bureau of Justice			
Assistance			
Bulletproof Vests		001-4-1010-2-4030	2,224.00
			<u>278,396.01</u>
<b>Indirect:</b>			
Iowa Department of Transportation:			
3rd Street Resurfacing	20.250	304-4-7525-3-4021	613,247.14
Governor's Traffic Safety Bureau:			
Police Car Camera	20.600	001-4-1010-2-4406	4,200.00
Police Training/travel	20.600	001-4-1010-2-4406	100.00
			<u>617,547.14</u>
Total Federal Expenditures			<u>\$ 895,943.16</u>

**Basis of Presentation** - The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the City of Carroll under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, part 200, Uniform Administration Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Carroll, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in financial position or cash flows of the City of Carroll.

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies** - Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the costs principles in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, or cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

**Indirect Cost Rate** - City of Carroll has elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

*Feldmann & Company CPAs P.C.*

523 North Main Street

Carroll, Iowa 51401

(712) 792-2464

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control  
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters  
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance  
with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and  
Members of the City Council:

We have audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Carroll, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2018. Our report expressed unmodified opinions on the financial statements which were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, a basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Carroll's internal control over financial reporting to determine auditing procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Carroll's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Carroll's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses, and therefore, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we considered to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control which are less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item II-A-18 to be a significant deficiency.

## Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Carroll's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters which are described in Part IV of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2018, are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

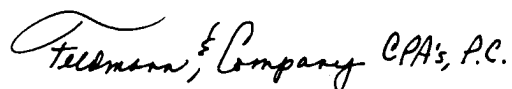
## City of Carroll's Responses to Findings

The City of Carroll's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. City of Carroll's responses were not subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

## Purpose of the Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion of the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City of Carroll during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.



Feldmann & Company CPAs, P.C.  
December 14, 2018



*Feldmann & Company C.P.A.s P.C.*

523 North Main Street

Carroll, Iowa 51401

(712) 792-2464

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance  
for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance  
Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Carroll, Iowa's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on City of Carroll's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2018. City of Carroll's major federal program is identified in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for City of Carroll's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements of Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Carroll's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Carroll's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, City of Carroll complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2018.

## Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures did not disclose an instance of non-compliance which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance. Our opinion on the major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

## Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of City of Carroll is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Carroll's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Carroll's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Feldmann & Company CPAs, P.C.  
December 14, 2018

**City of Carroll**  
**Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs**  
**Year ended June 30, 2018**

**I. Summary of Independent Auditor's Results**

- a) Unmodified opinions were issued on the financial statements, which were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.
- b) A significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- c) The audit did not disclose non-compliance, which is material to the financial statements.
- d) An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance with requirements applicable to the major program.
- e) The major program was CFDA Number 20.205 – Federal Aid to Surface Transportation.
- f) The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- g) City of Carroll did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

**II. Findings Related to the Financial Statements:**

**Internal Control Deficiencies:**

**II-A-18 Rec Center Program Collections**

Criteria – An effective internal control system provides for internal controls related to ensuring proper accounting for all Rec Center Program fees on a timely basis and for a review and verification of those receipts by someone independent of those duties related to the Rec Center Program receipts.

Condition – The Recreation Superintendent collects and deposits fees and periodically remits records of those collections to the City Clerk. Rec Center program receipts were not being deposited in a timely manner nor were they properly recorded and accounted for. Thus records were inadequate to determine the amounts which should have been collected and remitted to the City accounts.

Cause – Procedures have not been designed and implemented to ensure timely collection and remittance sufficient to allow for Rec Center fees to be properly recorded. Procedures should allow for an independent review of collection and deposits of program fees.

Effect – This condition could result in unrecorded or misstated fees and the opportunity for misappropriation.

Recommendation – The City should review operating procedures in order to obtain the maximum internal controls possible. A further measure of control may be implemented by requiring an authorized independent person to verify collections with the original source documentation.

Response – Upon discovery on April 24, 2018, the City took immediate action to protect City assets. The City also contacted the City's independent Auditor. A face-to-face meeting was held with the independent Auditor in late April to apprise the situation. The City continues to update the Rec Center procedures and make changes in the collection and remittance procedures for program fees and will have an independent review thereof.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

## **INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE**

No matters were noted.

**City of Carroll**  
**Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs**  
**Year ended June 30, 2018**

**III. Other Findings Related to Statutory Reporting:**

- III-A-18 Official Depositories - A resolution naming official depositories has been approved by the Council. The maximum deposit amounts stated in the resolution was not exceeded during the year ended June 30, 2018.
- III-B-18 Certified Budget - Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2018, did not exceed the amounts budgeted per Chapter 384.20 of the Code of Iowa which states in part that public monies may not be expended or encumbered except under an annual or continuing appropriation.
- III-C-18 Questionable Disbursements - No disbursements were noted that might not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- III-D-18 Travel Expense - No expenditures of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- III-E-18 Business Transactions – Business transactions between the City and City officials or employees are detailed as follows:

<u>Name, Title, and Business</u>	<u>Transaction</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Clay Haley, Council Owner, Haley Implement Co.	parts/repairs	\$ 3,877.06
Cory Venteicher, Employee Partner, Ron's Lawn Service	Nuisance abatement Clean up	560.00

In accordance with Chapter 362.5(10) of the Code of Iowa the transactions with Haley Implement Co. and Ron's Lawn Service do not appear to represent a conflict of interest.

- III-F-18 Excess Balance – The balances in the Special Revenue Funds: Road Use Tax, Police Forfeiture, Crime Prevention, and Library Trust at June 30, 2018, were in excess of the disbursements for those funds for the year, as was, Capital Project – Streets Maintenance Building, and Capital Project Library/City Hall remodel; Water Utility, Water Depreciation, Water Utility Capital Improvement, and Water Meter Deposit fund; Sewer Utility, Sewer Utility Depreciation, Sewer Capital Improvement, Storm Water Utility and the Storm Water Capital Improvement funds.

Recommendation – The City should consider the necessity of maintaining this

substantial balance and, where financially feasible, consider reducing the balance in an orderly manner through revenue reductions.

Response — The Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds, and Utility funds have planned future programs and projects that will reduce the fund balances.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

- III-G-18 Bond Coverage - Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- III-H-18 Minutes - No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Council minutes but were not.
- III-I-18 Deposits and Investments - We noted no instances of noncompliance with the investment provisions of Chapter 12B & 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy.
- III-J-18 Revenue Bonds and Notes – We noted no instances of non-compliance with the terms of the City's revenue bond/note provisions.
- III-K-18 Financial Condition – We observed one deficit ending balance for Capital Project - Airport in the amount of \$168,358.48 at the June 30, 2018.

Recommendation – The City should investigate alternatives to eliminate this deficit in order to return this fund to a sound financial position.

Response — The deficit was due to construction costs incurred prior to the receipt of a federal grant. The deficit will be eliminated next year.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

- III-L-18 Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Chapter 403.19 of the Code of Iowa provides a municipality may certify loans, advances indebtedness and bonds (indebtedness) to the County Auditor which qualify for reimbursement from incremental property tax. The County Auditor provides for the division of property tax to repay the certified indebtedness and provides available incremental property tax in subsequent fiscal years without further certification by the City until the amount of certified indebtedness is paid. We noted no corrections needed to TIF certification to comply with Chapter 403 of the Code of Iowa.
- III-M-18 Urban Renewal Annual Report - The urban renewal annual report was approved and certified to the Department of Management on or before December 1.



